## IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claim 2. Please also amend claims 1, 3, and 4 and add new claims 5 and 6 as shown in the complete list of claims that is presented below.

1. (currently amended) A fast gamma correction method for <u>an</u> image reading apparatus with a color correction function <u>and a plurality of normalized output pixel data</u>

<u>after correction Y quantified by n-bits into 2<sup>n</sup> intervals, comprising the following steps:</u>

a. provided that the image reading apparatus has a plurality of normalized output pixel data after correction Y quantified by n bit into 2<sup>n</sup> intervals, combining the 2<sup>n</sup> intervals are combined to M merged interval, wherein intervals, comprising the following steps:

a0: set k=0;

a1: set h=k;

a2: set k=k+1;

a3: if  $k=2^n$ , stop;

a4: if s is within (h,k), and all  $X_T$ ,  $T=0..2^m-1$ , in  $(G^{-1}(T_s), G^{-1}(T_{s+1}))$ , are equal to all  $X_T$ ,  $T=0..2^m-1$  in  $(F^{-1}_{(h,k)}, (T_s), F^{-1}_{(h,k)}, (T_{s+1}))$ , back to step a2;

a5: merging  $(T_h, T_{h+1}) \sim (T_{k-1}, T_k)$  into  $(T_h, T_k)$ , and recoding  $F_{(h,k)}(.)$ ; and

a6: back to step a1;

wherein

m: resolution of normalized input data,

n: resolution of normalized output data,

Y=G(X): realistic color correction function,

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## $F_{(h,k)}$ (.) fitting function in interval $(T_h, T_k)$ , and

M≤2<sup>n</sup>, the color correction function for the image reading apparatus is represented by a simple fitting function in each merged interval;

b. reading a normalized input pixel data X and locating which merged interval the input pixel data X lie in lies in, wherein threshold values of the X coordinate can be obtained by inversely mapping threshold values of the Y coordinate; and

c. finding the normalized output pixel data after correction Y by approximated a fitting function in the merged interval and using the normalized input pixel data X for substitution.

Claim 2 (cancelled).

- 3. (currently amended) The fast gamma correction method for <u>an</u> image reading apparatus as in claim 1, wherein in step a, the <u>simple</u> fitting function is a non-transcendental function <u>such as polynomial function or exponential function</u>.
- 4. (currently amended) The fast gamma correction method for <u>an</u> image reading apparatus as in claim 1, wherein image reading apparatus <u>can be</u> is selected from the group consisting of a scanner, <u>a</u> digital still camera, or <u>and a</u> video camera.

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5. (new) The fast gamma correction method for an image reading apparatus as in claim 3, wherein the non-transcendental function is a polynomial function.

6. (new) The fast gamma correction method for an image reading apparatus as in claim 3, wherein the non-transcendental function is an exponential function.

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